Accelerating Molecular Glue Discovery through AI/ML & Computation

Elena Dolgikh | 2nd Molecular Glue Drug Development Summit | January 31st, 2024



Molecular Glue Degraders are a Clinically Validated Modality



Monte Rosa Pipeline

Program/ Target	Indication(s)	Discovery	IND-Enabling	Clinical	Next Anticipated Milestone	Ownership
MRT-2359 (GSPT1)	NSCLC, SCLC and other MYC-driven Malignancies				RP2D in Q2 2024	
MRT-6160 (VAV1)	Autoimmune Disease				IND in 1H 2024	
NEK7	Inflammatory Diseases				Development candidate in Q1 2024	
CDK2	Ovarian Cancer, Breast Cancer				Development candidate in 2024	
Discovery Targets	Multiple				Lead optimization	
Discovery Targets	Oncology and Neurological Diseases				Undisclosed	Roche



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Various

Our Rational Approach to Unleash the Full Potential of MGDs



Prioritizing E3 Ligases Based on Reprogrammability Potential



Headlong – In-house Virtual Screening Method Combines several machine learning methods trained on large datasets

Headlong docks and evaluates docked poses

Headlong identifies CRBN active scaffolds



Headlong Identifies Candidate CRBN Scaffolds



Headlong identifies known CRBN binders



Novel Candidate CRBN Scaffolds in Top Compound Poses



Monte Rosa MGD Library is Diverse and in Good Property Space

MRT library clearly differentiated



External space = SciFinder search based on published compounds (40K) containing glutarimide and MW < 500. The external space may contain PROTAC-like compounds, intermediates, and MolGlue-like compounds, among others. Internal space comprises Diversity Library, containing glutarimide and MW < 500.

...and has drug-like properties



FLASH Virtual Library Creation for Library Expansion, Hit-to-Lead and LO



CRBN+MGD Neosurface Clustering to Guide Library Expansion The CRBN neosurface formed by both CRBN and the MGD drives selectivity and potency

Compute electrostatic & geometric similarity between virtual compound pairs using predicted poses

Compound_i neosurface



NEK7 vs. VAV1 active series neosurface-based clustering demonstrates unique CRBN+MGD surfaces



MRT Library Enrichment: Maximum Hybrid Surface Diversity

Metric: compound neosurface similarity



Library scaffold expansion beyond current MRT scaffolds



Novel territories covered by expansion (UMAP projection)

Surface similarity of all proposed monomers vs. those in MRT collection



Final Selection: monomers with SurfaceSim < 0.8

GlueAID ADME Suite Predicts MGD Properties





at 60

б

% Re

500

1000

2000

1500

Hu Clearance (uL/min/g)

2500

1,000s training set 100s scaffolds

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Within 3/5-fold

GlueAID Used on Ongoing Projects

Continually improved predictions with incoming data; performance monitored via dashboard



GlueAID Reaction Informatics Accelerates Synthesis



FLASH Expansion Leverages GlueAID for ADME and Synthesis Optimization



Actives: ~150 MRT scaffolds

are being explored

Rhapsody Virtual Screening Predicts Ternary Complex Hits



Putting it Together: Comp Chem Guides Screen to Validated Hit Series in 2 Months for **Target X**



CDK2 as a Target for Selected Solid Tumors



CDK2 a key cell cycle regulator

Therapeutic hypothesis:

- CDK2 is a key driver of cancers with cyclin dependent kinase pathway alterations
- MGDs will achieve greater selectivity against other CDKs and kinases in general, as well as more sustained pathway inhibition compared to inhibitors

Clinical Opportunity:

- ER positive breast cancer pre and post treatment with CDK4/6 inhibitors (474K patients)
- Ovarian cancer (64K patients), endometrial cancer (124K patients) and other tumors with CCNE1 amplification

In Silico-driven Scaffold Selection and Compound Design for CDK2 Rich data-set of proprietary Monte Rosa library allows informed selection of designs instead of pure diversity-based compound enumeration



Rhapsody[™] Virtual Screening for Lead Optimization

CDK2 ensemble of 12 protein structures



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Rhapsody used to select active analogs for lead optimization



Rhapsody scoring of single-point HTRF screening of library MGDs.

CDK2-directed MGDs are Selective and Inhibit Proliferation of CDK2dependent Cancer Cells

CDK2 degradation results in reduction of E2F pathway proteins



CDK2 degradation arrests CDK2-dependent cells in G1 phase



CDK2 degradation blocks proliferation



CRBN K_i = 129 nM SPR half-life = 994 s NanoBiT DC₅₀ = 130 nM CyQuant MDA-MB-157 EC₅₀ = 46 nM

Our Rational Approach to Unleash the Full Potential of MGDs



Prioritizing E3 Ligases Based on Reprogrammability Potential



Headlong Virtual Screen Identifies Novel Scaffolds to a New E3 Ligase



Virtual Screening Hits Confirmed in Dose Response, Including nM Series



Acknowledgments





Thank You

